#### Handout 1

# Risk Factors for Suicidal Self-Directed Violence

(Adapted from Klott, 2012)

### Mental Disorders

- ✓ Children
  - o PTSD associated w/ guilt/shame (feel guilty and/or blame self for traumatic stressor)
- ✓ Adolescents
  - O Generalized Anxiety Disorder (persistent disabling fear of failure in academics/athletics that is uncalled for)
- ✓ Adults
  - o Major Depressive Disorder (with psychotic features)
  - o Bipolar Disorder (Type II more likely to commit suicide)

## **Exacerbating Factors**

- ✓ Persistent Depressive Disorder *w/alcohol use or hopelessness*
- ✓ Bipolar II as they leave depressive episode
- ✓ Generalized Anxiety Disorder:w/cannabis use to self-medicate (among adults)
- ✓ PTSD
  - *a)* 12+months undetected/untreated
  - b) Child abuse/trauma exposure during childhood
  - c) Depressed (disabling depression among females; irritability, anger, rage among males)
  - d) Self-medicating [alcohol or cannabis most common] (among adolescents and adults).
- ✓ Neurodevelopmental disorders (e.g., Autism, ID, ADHD)
  - a) Talk about a sense of being different
  - b) No social cohesion (no friends)
  - c) Victimized by bullying
- ✓ Gender Dysphoria w/rejection of primary support systems
- ✓ Substance Related Disorder when such is to self-medicate another mental disorder
- ✓ Psychotic Disorders w/in 4 months of initial diagnosis (associated with hopelessness)

### Personal Vulnerabilities

- ✓ Internal
  - a. Performance Anxiety
    - i. I am only loved for what I do
  - b. Emotional Constriction
    - i. I can't feel anything
  - c. Defenseless Personality
    - i. I am worthless
- ✓ External
  - a. Lack of resources

### Social Stressors

- ✓ Adults
  - a) Overwhelming and intolerable loss
    - i. Financial security
    - ii. Relationships (suicide survivor)
    - iii. Social and occupational definition
    - iv. Self esteem
    - v. Autonomy/independence
- ✓ Adolescents
  - vi. Developing a mental disorder and self-medicating
  - vii. Perceived isolation and aloneness
  - viii. Actual isolation and aloneness (Rejection, bullying, caregiver dysfunction)
  - ix. Disciplinary crisis (Young male incarcerated for the first time)
  - x. Academic performance anxiety
  - xi. Family discord
  - a) Impulsivity (The impulsive suicide is the most common suicide observed among adolescents without a mental health history). Interacts with firearm access
    - i. Suicide survivorship